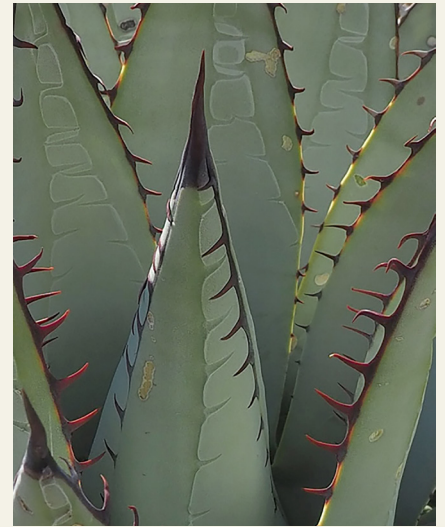


Agave parryi v. neomexicana

NEW MEXICO AGAVE

These Agaves have a distinctive powder blue color, which is clearly a drought resistant tactic, and they have sharp protruding curved marginal teeth leading up the sides of each leaf culminating in a majestic, 2 in. long jet-black colored terminal spine. They are smaller than most other *A. parryi* types, only growing about 2 ft. tall and they are typically wider than they are tall. These are some of the most naturally cold hardy agaves available. This Agave occurs naturally at the furthest northeastern range of that area in oak pinyon/juniper habitats up to about 7000 ft., from where it gets its common name. In low desert landscapes they blend well with other accent plants, under desert legume trees or with desert willows, especially when they are planted amongst ornamental shrubs, grasses or perennials.



DESCRIPTION	
	1.5-2 FT. x 2-3 FT.
	FULL TO PART SUN
	USDA ZONE 5-11
	TEXAS AND NEW MEXICO
	YELLOW
	LOW
	TO -20°F